

Wealth Management Basic Principles

| Save enough CASH for emergencies – a minimum of 12 months expenditure for your 'rainy day fund' |
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| DIVERSIFICATION reduces risk of capital losses and helps keep you invested – spread across asset class (bonds, equities, property), region (global) and manager (specialists) |
| Remember COMPOUND interest is very powerful (see Einstein quotes) – target consistent positive returns (7% pa doubles your money every 10 years) |
| Make the most of government approved TAX breaks. Tax efficiency makes your money work harder and compound faster |
| Keep an eye on COSTS – like tax, they reduce your net returns (keep under 1.5% pa if possible) |
| Consider drip-feeding into financial markets to help reduce market TIMING risk, especially during times of heightened uncertainty |
| Invest according to your objectives and RISK profile. Understand what you can afford to lose and what you hope to achieve |
| Investors should demand higher returns from higher risk investments. However, higher risk investments do NOT always produce higher RETURNS |
| Invest for the LONG TERM as markets can be very volatile and unpredictable in the near term |
| The sooner you start, the better. 'TIME IN the market' is more important that 'timing the market' |
| If an investment sounds too good to be true, it probably is. You are doing well if averaging more than 3-5% pa above INFLATION |
| Get good advice if you can afford it but EDUCATE yourself and stick to the basics - keep it simple |
| By far the best investment you can make is in YOURSELF (Buffett). So check out www.westxcapital.co.uk and help your education |